



UNIVERSIDAD AUTÓNOMA DEL ESTADO DE HIDALGO

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**Instituto de Ciencias Económico
Administrativas**



ICEA



- Coordinación de Inglés
- Tema: Past Simple
- Profesor(a):
 - L.E.L.I. María Guadalupe Gómez Sánchez
- Periodo: Enero Junio 2018



Objetivo general de la materia

- Expresar eventos presentes, pasados y futuros en un discurso oral y escrito para llevar a cabo procesos comunicativos simples tales como narrar experiencias y sucesos, proporcionar consejos y describir planes futuros en un contexto familiar e inmediato en una segunda lengua.



Objetivo de la unidad de trabajo

- Describir sucesos y eventos pasados así como expresar sugerencias, obligaciones y necesidades en un contexto familiar e inmediato en una segunda lengua..



Authentic language immersion



- Do you know him?
- Where was he born?
- Do you know any movies where he participated? Which ones?
- Which was the first movie you saw him?



Language discovery

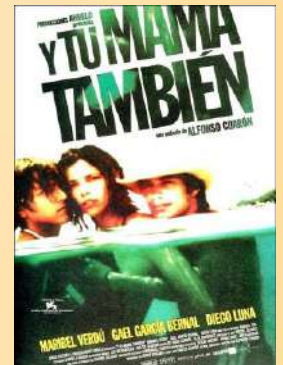
Diego Luna

Diego Luna Alexander was born on December 29, 1979 in Mexico city, Mexico, to Alejandro Luna and Fiona Alexander, who **worked** as a costume designer. His father is Mexican and his mother was British, His mother **died** when Diego was only two, in a car accident.

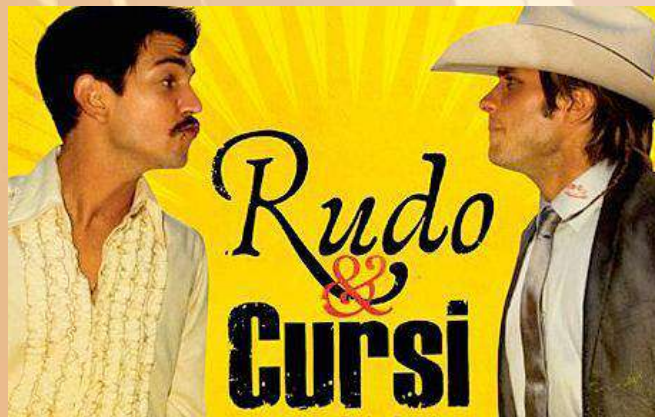




From an early age he **started** acting working in tv, movies, and theater. His first television role was in the movie *el Ultimo fin de año* (1991). His next role was in the Mexican soap opera *El abuelo y yo* (1992). His childhood best friend and fellow actor Gael Garcia Bernal **played** the title role. After '*El abuelo y yo*', Diego **started** to receive more and more parts in theater, movies and TV. In 1995, he **played** the role as "Quique Dominguez" in the soap opera "*El Premio Mayor*". Later in 2001, he and his best friend Gael García Bernal **starred** the movie "*Y tu mamá también*" which was critically acclaimed.



His star **continued** shining and he **participated** in many other movies, such as: *Frida* (2002), *The terminal* (2004), *Rudo y Cursi* (2008), *Rouge One* (2016), and recently *Flatliners* (2017). Nowadays he continues working on more projects in both Latin America and the United States.





1979

His first TV role

1981

“El premio mayor”

1991

Mother died

1992

Diego Luna was born

1995

Frida

2001

“El abuelo y yo”

2002

“Rudo y cursi”

2004

“Rouge One”

2008

“Y tu mamá también”

2016

“Flatliners”

2017

“The terminal”



Regular Verb form in Past Simple

died
participated
starred
worked
continued
started
played

-ED	-D	DOUBLE CONSONANT -ED

Practice in Context

MEXICANS IN THE USA

The Mexican-American War ended in 1848 with the Treaty of Guadalupe Hidalgo. It gave the United States an enormous area of northern Mexico. This became the states of California, Nevada, Utah, Colorado, Arizona, New Mexico and Texas (most of it already separate from Mexico). The Mexican population of the area was about 100,000. After the war, they had the opportunity to receive American citizenship automatically, and about 90% decided to stay. They did not move, but they were the first Mexicans in the USA.

After 1848, much of Mexico remained poor, and much of the USA developed and needed extra workers. As a result, some Mexicans went to the USA looking for work. In 1900, the resident Mexican American population in the USA was about 400,000, and there were also some Mexican migrant workers, mostly illegal.

During and after World War II, with many Americans in military service, the USA desperately needed workers. The *Bracero* Program of 1942 permitted Mexican men to work legally in agriculture. When the *Bracero* Program ended in 1964, some decided to stay and bring their families to the USA. Many moved to cities in the north, where there were jobs in construction, factories, restaurants and so on. At the same time, a little legal immigration continued and illegal immigration increased a lot.

In the USA today, there are about 35 million Spanish-speaking Mexican Americans and Mexican citizens, some in established families, some recent illegal immigrants. They now include students in American high schools and universities, graduates and working professionals. The situation of Mexicans in the USA can still be difficult, but it is improving.



Mexico, 1964. Mexican workers await legal employment in the United States.



A Mexican immigrant family today, at their home in Phoenix, Arizona, USA.

PAST, TIMES, AND NOW

- a** The first Mexicans in the USA were residents of Mexican territory before 1848. T F
- b** After the Treaty of Guadalupe Hidalgo, Mexicans emigrated to the USA because they were rich. T F
- c** Many Mexicans worked in the USA legally between 1942 and 1964. T F
- d** Many Mexican immigrants worked in agriculture and then changed to other work. T F
- 11 e** Mexicans in the USA have a bad life there now compared to the past. T F

Meaningful Use

Look at the timeline of a famous Mexican in USA.

1978	be born, Guadalajara, Jalisco, Mexico.
1989	Participate in a Mexican soap opera
1995	Travel to Europe – study Central School of Speech
1996	Appear short film – “De Tripas Corazon”
2000	Return to film “Amores Perros”
2001	Star the film “Y tu mama también”.
2002	Play the role a of a priest – “El crime del padre Amaro”.
2007	Direct – first film “Deficit”.
2011	Star in the romance “A little Bit of Heaven”
2016	Participate in “Neruda” film.

- Write Gael Gracia’s Biography

Gael Garcia



Mexican actor. He was born in _____, in _____.

When he was 12 years old,

_____ in _____.

Then, in 1995, _____

Referencias Bibliográficas

-Adapted from : IMDB mini biography by:
[kristen parks <lady1231@hotmail.com>](mailto:kristen_parks<lady1231@hotmail.com>)

- Paul Davies, M. H. (2014). *Make it Real Professional A1.2*. Pachuca: Universidad Autónoma del Estado de Hidalgo.

