



**UNIVERSIDAD AUTÓNOMA DEL ESTADO
DE HIDALGO**
ESCUELA SUPERIOR DE ZIMAPÁN



Licenciatura en Derecho

Inglés II

**María del Rosario Nolazquez
Trejo**

Julio-diciembre 2014

Resumen (abstract)

- **Los alumnos aprenderán los adjetivos comparativos para una vez aprendidos puedan describir y comparar lugares que ellos conocen.**
- **Students would learn comparatives adjectives to describe and compare a place they know.**

Palabras claves en idioma (keywords)

Adjectives

Adjetivos

Objetivo general: Entender y proporcionar información referente al pasado con el fin de compartir anécdotas personales, narrar historias simples y sucesos que ya ocurrieron.

Nombre de la unidad: Let's go away

Objetivo de la unidad: El alumno podrá describir y comparar lugares que conoce.

Tema: comparatives

Introducción:

We use the **comparative form** to compare two people, things, places, etc. We usually use **tan** with comparative adjectives.

The city is **noisier tan** the country.

My father is **older tan** my mother.

The Amazon River is **longer than** the Mississippi.

These are the spelling rules to form a comparative adjective.

	adjective	comparative
Common adjectives	cheap large cold	cheaper (than) larger (than) colder (than)
One-Syllable Adjective Ending with a Single Consonant with a Single Vowel before it.	big thin fat	bigger (than) thinner (than) fatter (than)
-y adjectives	noisy happy busy	noisier (than) happier than busier (than)
Adjectives with two or more syllables.	expensive generous intelligent	more expensive than more generous than more intelligent than
Irregular adjectives	good bad far little many much	better (than) worse (than) farther (than) less (than) more (than) more (than)

Here are some examples of long adjectives.

adjective	comparative
generous	more generous than
important	more important than
intelligent	more intelligent than
peaceful	more peaceful than
pleasant	more pleasant than
careful	more careful than
thoughtful	more thoughtful than
difficult	more difficult than
expensive	more expensive than
interesting	more interesting than
attractive	more attractive than
dangerous	more dangerous than
beautiful	more beautiful than
famous	more famous than
useful	more useful than
careless	more careless
exciting	more exciting
comfortable	more comfortable

Two-syllable adjectives that follow two rules. These adjectives can be used with -er and with more.

Two-Syllable Adjective	Comparative Form
clever	cleverer
clever	more clever
gentle	gentler
gentle	more gentle
friendly	friendlier
friendly	more friendly
quiet	quieter
quiet	more quiet
simple	simpler
simple	more simple

Conclusión o cierre:

We use (not) as + adjective + as to say that two people, places or things are/are not similar

Example:

My brother **is as tall as** my father.

You are **not as fat as** your uncle.

The chimpanzee **is not as big as** the elephant.

**Bibliografía sugerida para el tema:
infográficas y/o cibergráficas.**

Redston , C., & Cunningham, G. (2005). *face2face Elemenatry Student's Book*. Cambridge: CAMBRIDGE.

Raymond, M. (2001). *English Grammar In Use*. Cambridge: CAMBRIDGE.